#### F192098

# **APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY** SIXTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION(S), DECEMBER 2019

#### **Course Code: EC370**

### **Course Name:Digital Image Processing**

| М | ax. N | Marks: 100 Duration: 3  | Hours |
|---|-------|---|-------|
|   |       | PART A<br>Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks  | Marks |
| 1 | a)    | a) An image $f(x, y) = 2 \cos 2\pi (3x + 4y)$ is sampled with sampling intervals $\Delta x =$                       | (7)   |
|   |       | 0.2 and $\Delta y = 0.2$ in x and y direction respectively. Determine the   |       |
|   |       | i) Sampled image spectrum   |       |
|   |       | ii) Fourier transform of image after it has been low pass filtered  |       |
|   |       | iii) Reconstructed image.   |       |
|   |       | iv) Will the system produce aliasing error?   |       |
|   | b)    | For the image segment I = $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , compute the transform coefficients using | (8)   |
|   |       | i) DFT  |       |
|   |       | ii) Haar transform  |       |
| 2 | a)    | State and explain 2D sampling theorem for band limited images.  | (8)   |
|   | b)    | What are orthogonal transforms? Define the energy compaction property of an   | (7)   |
|   |       | unitary transform.  |       |
| 3 | a)    | State and prove any two properties of 2D DFT.   | (6)   |
|   | b)    | Explain how colour images are represented using HSI colour space model.   | (9)   |
|   |       |   |       |

#### PART B

## Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks

| 4 | a) | Give a short note on geometric transformations.  | (7)  |
|---|----|--|------|
|   | b) | Write the algorithm for computing median of an n x n neighbourhood.                                  | (8)  |
|   |    | What is the value of middle pixel after applying a i) 3 x 3 median filter and ii) 3 x 3 box filter ? |      |
|   |    |  |      |
|   |    | $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 8 \\ 4 & 4 & 9 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$                                  |      |
| 5 | a) | Derive the transfer function of Wiener filter. Give the condition in which Wiener                    | (10) |
|   |    | filter reduces to an inverse filter.   |      |

b) Distinguish between unsharp masking and high boost filtering. (5)

(8)

6 a) A 4 x 4 image patch (4 bits/pixel) is given by I= $\begin{bmatrix} 12 & 9 & 12 & 10 \\ 12 & 14 & 8 & 10 \\ 9 & 13 & 12 & 10 \\ 12 & 14 & 12 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$ 

Apply histogram equalization to the image by rounding the resulting image pixels to integers. Sketch the histograms of original image and histogram equalised image.

| h) | Explain constrained and unconstrain | ned image restoration  | (7)        |
|----|-------------------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| U) | Explain consulance and unconsulan   | neu image restoration. | $(\prime)$ |

### PART C

# Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks

| 7 | a) Obtain the Huffman code for the word 'IMAGEPROCESSING' and determ |  | (10) |
|---|--|--|------|
|   |  | efficiency.  |      |
|   | b)   | Explain how Hough transform can be used to detect lines. | (10) |
| 8 | a)   | Discuss the role of derivatives in edge detection.       | (10) |
|   | b)   | State and explain the state of redundancies in images.   | (10) |
| 9 | a)   | Explain split and merge procedure in image segmentation. | (10) |

b) With the help of a block diagram, explain DCT based JPEG compression standard. (10)

\*\*\*\*